from the late region of a human papillomavirus with the exception of the specific combination of a polypeptide from the E7 early region of a human papillomavirus and a polypeptide from the L2 late region of a human papillomavirus.

- 39. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 38, wherein the polypeptide from the early region of a papillomavirus has a degree of similarity greater than 75% with the sequence of the E6 protein, the E7 protein or the E6 and E7 proteins of papillomavirus.
- 40. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 39, wherein the polypeptide from the early region of a papillomavirus is a nononcogenic variant of the E6 and/or/E7 protein of a papillomavirus.
- 41. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 38, wherein the polypeptide from the late region of a papillomavirus has a degree of similarity greater than 75% with the sequence of the L1 protein, the L2 protein or the L1 and L2 proteins of papillomavirus.
- 42. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 38, comprising a polypeptide from the E6 region, a polypeptide from the E7 region, a polypeptide from the L1 region and a polypeptide from the L2 region of a papillomavirus.

- 43. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 38, wherein the papillomavirus is selected from the group consisting of HPV-16, HPV-18, HPV-31, HPV-33 and HPV-45 types.
- 44. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 38, comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier allowing administration of said composition by injection into humans or into animals.
- 45. A method for the treatment or prevention of dysplasia or cancer of the neck of the uterus comprising administering an effective amount of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 38 to a patient in need of such treatment.
- 46. A method for the treatment of prevention of a papillomavirus infection comprising administering an effective amount of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 38 to a patient in need of such treatment.
- 47. A pharmaceutical composition intended for the treatment or prevention of a papillomavirus infection or tumor, which comprises as therapeutic agents at least one polypeptide from the early region of a papillomavirus and at least one polypeptide from the late region of a papillomavirus and at least one polypeptide having an immunostimulatory activity, wherein said polypeptide from the early region of a papillomavirus and said

polypeptide from the late region of a papillomavirus and said polypeptide having an immunostimulatory activity are expressed recombinantly from independent expression control elements.

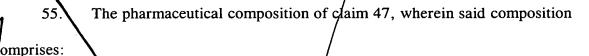
- 48. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 47, wherein the polypeptide from the early region of a papillomavirus has a degree of similarity greater than 75% with the sequence of the Eoprotein the E7 protein or the E6 and E7 proteins of papillomavirus.
- The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 48, wherein the polypeptide from the early region of a papillomavirus is a nononcogenic variant of the E6 and/or E7 protein of a papillomavirus.
- 50. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 47, wherein the polypeptide from the late region of a papillomavirus has a degree of similarity greater than 75% with the sequence of the L1 protein the 12 protein or the L1 and L2 proteins of papillomavirus.
- 51. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 47, wherein the polypeptide having an immunostimulatory activity is selected from the group consisting of

interleukin-2, interleukin-7, the coradhesion molecule B7.1 and the co-adhesion molecule B7.2.

52. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 51, wherein the paypeptide having an immunostimulatory activity is interleukin-2.

The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 51, wherein the polypeptide having an immunostimulatory activity is the co-adhesion molecule B7.1.

- 54. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 47, comprising:
- a polypeptide from the E6 region, a polypeptide from the E7 region, a polypeptide from the L1 region, a polypeptide from the L2 region of a papillomavirus and interleukin-2.
- (b) a polypeptide from the L1 region, a polypeptide from the E7 region, a polypeptide from the L1 region, a polypeptide from the L2 region of a papillomavirus and the co-adhesion molecule B7.1, or
- polypeptide from the E6 region, a polypeptide from the E7 region, a polypeptide from the L1 region, a polypeptide from the L2 region of a papillomavirus, the co-adhesion molecule B7.1 and interleukin-2.



- a nononcogenic variant of an E6 protein of a human papillomavirus, wherein said nononcogenic variant is a variant of the native E6 protein mutated at the level of residues involved in the process of transformation of an infected cell,
- (b) a nononcogenic variant of an E7 protein of a human papillomavirus, wherein said nononcogenic variant is a variant of the native E7 protein mutated at the level of residues involved in the process of transformation of an infected cell,
- (c) a polypeptide from the L1 region of a human papillomavirus,
- (d) a polypeptide from the L2 region of a human papillomavirus, and
- (e) interleukin-2
- 56. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 55, wherein said nononcogenic variant of the E6 protein is a variant of the native HPV-16 E6 protein having amino acids 111-115 deleted as compared to the native E6 protein.
- 57. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 55, wherein said nononcogenic variant of the E7 protein is a variant of the native HPV-16 E7 protein having amino acids 21-26 deleted as compared to the native E7 protein.

- 58. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 47, wherein the papillomavirus is selected from the group consisting of HPV-16, HPV-18, HPV-31, HPV-33 and HPV-45 types.
- 59. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 47, comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier allowing administration of said composition by injection into humans or into animals.
- 60. A method for the treatment or prevention of dysplasia or cancer of the neck of the uterus comprising administering an effective amount of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 47 to a patient in need of such treatment.
- 61. A method for the treatment or prevention of dysplasia or cancer of the neck of the uterus comprising administering an effective amount of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 55 to a patient in need of such treatment.
- 62. A method for the treatment or prevention of a papillomavirus infection comprising administering an effective amount of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 47 to a patient in need of such treatment.

papillomavirus infection or tumor, which comprises as therapeutic agents at least one polypeptide from the early region or late region of a papillomavirus and at least one polypeptide having an immunostimulatory activity, wherein said polypeptide from the early region of a papillomavirus and said polypeptide from the late region of a papillomavirus and said polypeptide having an immunostimulatory activity are expressed recombinantly from independent expression control elements.

- 64. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 63, wherein the polypeptide from the early region of apapillomavirus has a degree of similarity greater than 75% with the sequence of the E6 particip, the E7 protein or the E6 and E7 proteins of papillomavirus.
- 65. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 64, wherein the polypeptide from the early region of a papillomavirus is a nononcogenic variant of the E6 and/or E7 protein of a papillomavirus.
- 66. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 63, wherein the polypeptide from the late region of a papillomavirus has a degree of similarity greater than 75% with the sequence of the L1 protein, the L2 protein or the L1 and L2 proteins of papillomavirus.

- 67. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 63, wherein the polypeptide having an immunostimulatory activity is selected from the group consisting of interleukin-2, interleukin-7, the co-adhesion polecule B7.1 and the co-adhesion molecule B7.2.
  - 68. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 67, wherein the olypeptide having an immunostimulatory activity is interleukin-2.
- 69. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 67, wherein the polypeptide having an immunostmularory activity is the co-adhesion molecule B7.1.
  - 70. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 63, comprising:
  - (a) a polypeptide from the E6 region, a polypeptide from the E7 region of a papillomavirus and interleukin-2,
  - (b) a polypeptide from the E6 region, a polypeptide from the E7 region of a papillomavirus and the co-adhesion molecule B7.1 and interleukin-2.
  - (c) a polypeptide from the E6 region, a polypeptide from the E7 region of a papillomayirus, the co-adhesion molecule B7.1 and interleukin-2.
- 71. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 63, wherein said composition comprises:

(a)
(b)

a nononcogenic variant of an E6 region of a human papillomavirus, wherein said nononcogenic variant is a variant of the native E6 protein mutated at the level of residues involved in the process of transformation of an infected cell; and

a nononcogenic variant of an E7 region of a human papillomavirus, wherein said nononcogenic variant is a variant of the native E7 protein mutated at the level of residues involved in the process of transformation of an infected cell; and

- (c) interleukin 2.
- 72. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 71, wherein said nononcogenic variant of the E6 protein is a variant of the native HPV-16 E6 protein having amino acids 111-115 deleted as compared to the native E6 protein.
- 73. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 71, wherein said nononcogenic variant of the E7 protein is a variant of the native HPV-16 E7 protein having amino acids 21-26 deleted as compared to the native E7 protein.
- 74. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 63, wherein the papillomavirus is gelected from the group consisting of HPV-16, HPV-31, HPV-33 and HPV-45 types.

- 75. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 63, comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier allowing administration of said composition by injection into humans or into animals.
- 76. A method for the treatment of prevention of dysplasia or cancer of the neck of the uterus comprising administering an effective amount of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 63 to a patient in need of such treatment.
- 77. A method for the treatment or prevention of dysplasia or cancer of the neck of the uterus comprising administering an effective amount of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 71 to a pattent in need of such treatment.
- 78. A method for the treatment or prevention of a papillomavirus infection comprising administering an effective amount of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 63 to a patient in need of such treatment.--

## REMARKS

Entry of the foregoing, reexamination and further and favorable reconsideration of the subject application in light of the following remarks, pursuant to and consistent with 37 C.F.R. § 1.112, are respectfully requested.

By the foregoing amendment, claims 1-9, 21, 23, 24 and 32-37 have been canceled without prejudice or disclaimer to the subject matter recited therein. Further, new claims